

# **Creating Inclusive Communities: Facilitator Resource**

CUPA-HR is committed to diversity, inclusion and equitable practices as a means to achieving excellence in higher education. As part of our commitment, CUPA-HR recently launched a Creating Inclusive Communities (CIC) project. Stories of diversity and inclusion can enrich a campus community and move the institution along the path to greater cultural understanding and competence.

## Project description and details

**Overview:** Each of us has an important story to tell. Our stories are compiled from the reservoir of the institution's history, experiences, hopes and dreams. They intersect and are woven together to create a strong, diverse tapestry that represents our community. This project offers the CUPA- HR community and campuses that participate in the project the opportunity to provide a glimpse into the wonderful eclectic group of human beings that make up the higher education community.

**Objective:** To create a project that, through images, stories, and video, will offer the higher education community an opportunity to use their shared voices to inspire others about the difference each of our lives can make in the world. In addition, we are creating facilitator guides and resources for many of the 24 portraits and videos so that campus leaders can use the portraits and videos to facilitate discussions on campus.

As a way to facilitate a campus session, we'd like to share a few tips and tools for generating discussion.

#### Introduction

Effective facilitation involves the recognition and acceptance of everyone's different perspectives and skills, which can contribute to inclusive environments. Discussion is a powerful mechanism for active learning; a well-facilitated discussion can allow the learner to explore new ideas while recognizing and valuing the contributions of others. The overall objective of a CIC session is to provide an opportunity for leaners to view personal stories and perspectives on inclusive communities and discuss ways to ensure inclusion in thought and in practice flourishes at their institution.

In order to effectively oversee discussion on your campus, let's consider some important features of effective discussions and conditions that promote small group interaction and engagement.

#### Facilitator's Role

Honest dialogue with your group starts with you. Ask yourself the following:

- What value will I bring to the group as a facilitator?
- How will I keep my opinions in check and not influence the discussion?
- How am I acknowledging what each participant can bring to the group? In what ways am I embracing the characteristics that illustrate each person's unique perspective?
- What behaviors am I most familiar or comfortable with? Conversely, what behaviors am I least familiar or comfortable with?
- What behaviors challenge me?
- Be sure to be prepared to respond to a learner asking for clarification or is unclear about their participation/role. And it's okay to admit you don't know. Offer to follow up later with an answer, if it's possible.

## Getting the Discussion Started: Session Objectives

- Share the details of the Creating an Inclusive Communities project see introduction above
- Consider adding another objective (or two) related to your campus expectations.
- Be clear up front about the session expectations and intentions, including honest dialogue, there is no silly question and that everyone can express their thoughts and suggestions without judgment.
- Share that everyone should treat each other with respect and consideration.

#### Materials to Assist You

- CIC portraits
- CIC video clips
- Computer/laptop with a projector
- Flip chart, flip chart stand
- Markers
- Pens and paper available at each table
- Name tags, if needed

#### Time to Cover Session

Depends on the number of CIC examples used. Recommended time is to allow around 20 minutes to cover each still shot or video. Recommended number of still shots and videos to use? For example, use at least 3 photos/videos to generate an hour's worth of discussion

## The Session Outline

#### 1. Introduction

- As a session opener, allow time for learners to introduce themselves. In addition to introducing themselves, you may also ask them to share something like:
  - A unique characteristic about themselves that we wouldn't know by looking at or talking to them.
  - o Share what is the most important aspect about their position and why?
  - o Who do they most admire?
  - o If they could be a superhero, who would they be and why?
  - o Other?

After covering the welcome, introductions, objectives and expectations, here are few question prompts to assist you during the session:

- 2. Explain to the learners that they will be reading and/or viewing individual stories of higher ed HR practitioners from around the country. But before they read or hear the stories, ask them:
  - To describe the person they see
  - Without knowing their story, have the learners share who they think the person is and what story/experience they will share
- 3. After discussion, ask them to continually share:
  - Why do you think the person will share that particular story?
- 4. Now share with the group either a portrait or video clip. Ask the learners to answer the following:
  - What story did the person actually share?
  - What one message did you take from their story?
  - Are there people like them on our campus?
  - In what ways do we individually inspire, perpetuate or negate behaviors like those that the person shared in the photo/video?
    - o As individuals, what do we need to do differently? The same?

[NOTE TO FACILITATOR: PLEASE REFER TO FINAL PAGES OF THIS GUIDE FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND DATA RELATED TO THE TOPIC REFERENCED IN THIS PORTRAIT OR VIDEO. INCORPORATE SOME OF THAT INFORMATION HERE TO ENHANCE LEARNING AND UNDERSTANDING.]

- On our campus, how do we as a community inspire, perpetuate or negate behaviors like those that the person shared in the photo/video?
  - o As a community, what do we need to do differently? The same?
- After today, in what ways should we take action and do our part to transform our campus – to begin, improve or share the transformation with others?
  - o Write suggestions on a flip chart.

o Identify who should/will take accountability in the transformation (participants can identify others on campus who are not in the session, too).

#### 5. After the Session:

- Don't forget to follow up with learners (via email, for example) and thank them for the honest dialogue and contributions to the discussion. Also share with them the overall action items/steps to take to transform their campus.
- Don't forget to share with the appropriate person(s) what recommendations were made and what steps are needed to implement them?

# Other Tips and Techniques

## To encourage discussion, you may have to:

- Ask follow-up questions, and paraphrasing the comments for everyone to ponder. A
  combination of initiating and probing questions can be an effective approach to bring
  out learners' ideas further.
  - o How do you feel about this topic?
  - o What I hear you saying is...
- Ask the learner for further clarification and/or elaboration.
- Re-visit past contributions and incorporate them into subsequent discussions.
- Encourage others to add their reactions or ideas to build on someone's comment.
- Invite others to provide resources, and use the opportunity to discuss with the group how one might go about researching the issue.

#### Don't forget to also:

- Provide sufficient time and space for learners to gather their thoughts enabling them to contribute to discussions.
- Provide opportunities for learners to consider a question on their own and/or provide an opportunity for learners to gather in small groups or pairs to discuss the question. You can then bring the entire group back together to further discuss the question.
- Establish ground rules:
  - o Make sure to share from personal experiences rather than make general statements about groups of people (stereotyping).
  - o Make sure in creating a safe space for conversation is important. Know what is said in the room, stays in the room; and know what learning can be shared outside the learning experience.
  - o Allow facilitator and learners alike a chance to speak. Highlight the value of diversity of perspectives is an essential part of the discussion.
  - o If necessary, cover constructive and destructive group behaviors at the start of the course / workshop.
  - o Request that if learners challenge others' ideas, they back it up with evidence, appropriate experiences, and/or logic.

- On a piece of flip chart paper, write "Parking Lot." Use the parking lot to write down
  questions that cannot be immediately addressed and can be followed up after the
  session of if discussion veers off topic. For example, if the group begins to address a
  different topic or vents without regard to the subject matter, write a note on the parking
  lot to revisit at the end of the session, if time permits.
- Step back when a group is working together help learners become independent learners and take control of their learning.

# Helpful Resources

Don't forget to check out CUPA-HR resources:

- E-Learning resource, CUPA-HR Essentials: Facilitation Skills
- Knowledge Center: Training & Development Toolkits
- Building a Successful, More Inclusive Search: Facilitator Version
- DEI Toolkit
- DEI Resources
- CUPA-HR Inclusion Cultivates Excellence position statement.
- And more!

### Other Helpful Resources:

- Project Implicit study by Harvard <a href="https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/takeatest.html">https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/selectatest.html</a>
- Handelsman J, Miller S., Pfund C. Scientific Teaching. New York: W.H. Freeman; 2006
- Creating a Collaborative Learning Environment Guidebook, Center for Integration of Research, Teaching, and Learning (University of Wisconsin-Madison).
- Gelula, M.H. (1997) Clinical discussion sessions and small groups. Surgical Neurology, 47:400-403.
- Handelsman, J., Miller, S., & Pfund, C. (2006) Scientific Teaching: Diversity, Assessment, Active Learning (New York: W.H. Freeman & Co.)
- Sellers, S.L., Roberts, J., Giovanetto, L., Friedrich, K. & Hammargren, C. (2007) Reaching All Students-A Resource for Teaching in Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics (Second Edition) (Madison, WI: Center for the Integration of Research, Teaching, and Learning)

# LGBT Issues – Resources for Use With This Video

# Background

With the 2015 5-to-4 Supreme Court ruling in the *Obergefell v. Hodges* case, same-sex marriage became the law of the land in the United States. While this has been hailed and celebrated as a significant victory, there are still issues and challenges faced by our LGBT employees. As HR professionals, it is our responsibility to help create a workplace that values the contributions and celebrates the unique differences and diversity of our employees.

Issues of sexual orientation, sexual identity and sexual preference continue to be a challenging and, at times, volatile and divisive issue to address on our campuses and in the workplace.

These resources and activities are designed to offer a safe space to enter into a frank, candid and civilized discussion on this topic.

They are also designed to bring a greater awareness of the predispositions that we each may carry (based on our own life experiences and/or upbringing, our personally held beliefs, spiritual/religious teachings, etc.) and how those could potentially show up in interactions with those who may hold different ideals and beliefs. The ultimate goal is to ensure we are respecting the differences and similarities of others.

# Group Exercise: Group Membership

- Goal: To create a supportive environment in which the participants can disclose their group memberships and to allow them to experience what it is like to be part of a minority group.
- Instructions: Have the participants form a large circle. As you call out different group names, the members are to go inside of each successive circle as they identify with the group.

Begin with "low-risk" groups (e.g. brown hair, large family, group of professions you are working with, such as a manager or coordinator) and then work up to groups that may have historically faced discrimination or are traditionally under-represented (e.g. African-American, gay, person with disabilities). Applaud as each group forms in the middle.

As each group of participants moves toward the center of the circle, ask them what they think is the most positive thing about being a member of this group.

#### Discussion Questions

- How did it feel to be in the center of the circle? (Were you comfortable being stared at?)
- How did it feel to be on the outside of the circle?
- How did you feel about those with you in the center of the circle or about those in the outer circle?
- Did anyone not make any trip into the circle? How did that feel?

## Additional Resources and Links

- Human Rights Campaign LGBT Employee Resources http://www.hrc.org/resources/lgbt-employee-resources
- Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity Definitions http://www.hrc.org/resources/sexual-orientation-and-gender-identity-terminology-and-definitions
- OFCCP Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity Resources http://www.dol.gov/ofccp/LGBT/LGBT\_resources.html
- LGBT History Month Resources http://www.lgbthistorymonth.com/resources\_2015

## **CUPA-HR Knowledge Center Resources and Links**

- Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Toolkit http://www.cupahr.org/knowledgecenter/dei.aspx
- LGBT Individuals Report "Chilly" Campus Climate http://www.cupahr.org/diversity/files/LGBT%20Individuals%20Report%20Chilly%20Campus %20Climate.pdf
- Higher Ed Presidents Form Group to Give Voice to Underrepresented LGBTQ Population http://www.cupahr.org/diversity/files/Higher%20Ed%20Presidents%20Form%20Group%20to %20Give%20Voice%20to%20LGBTQ%20Population.pdf